

**DETAILED CURRICULUM BS POLITICAL  
SCIENCE  
FALL-2020 ONWARDS**



**GOVERNMENT COLLEGE UNIVERSITY  
FAISALABAD**

SCHEME OF STUDIES FOR BS (4 YEAR) IN POLITICAL SCIENCE			
Sr. No.	Course Code	Semester-I	Credit Hours
1	ENG-321	Functional English	3(3-0)
2	ISL-321	Islamic Studies OR	2(2-0)
3	ISL-322	Ethics for Non-Muslims	2(2-0)
4	POL- 301	Introduction to Political Science	3(3-0)
5	BOT-616	Everyday Science	3(3-0)
6	SOC-307	Introduction to Sociology	3(3-0)
7	GEO-321	Introduction to Geography	3(3-0)
	<b>Total:</b>		<b>17</b>

Sr. No.	Course Code	Semester-II	Credit Hours
1	ENG-322	English Comprehension & Composition	3(3-0)
2	PST-321	Pakistan Studies	2(2-0)
3	POL-302	Principles of Political Science	3(3-0)
4	HIS-305	Introduction to World Civilization	3(3-0)
5	PPS-301	Introduction to Parliamentary Studies	3(3-0)
6	POL-310	Political Tolerance	3(3-0)
	<b>Total:</b>		<b>17</b>

Sr. No.	Course Code	Semester-III	Credit Hours
1	ENG-421	Communication Skills	3(3-0)
2	CSI-321	Introduction to Computing Applications	3(3-0)
3	POL-401	Political Systems (Developed)	3(3-0)
4	ECO-301	Principles of Micro-Economics	3(3-0)
5	MCM-301	Introduction to Mass Communication	3(3-0)
6	MTH-321	Mathematics-I (Algebra and Trigonometry)	3(3-0)
	<b>Total:</b>		<b>18</b>

Sr. No.	Course Code	Semester-IV	Credit Hours
1	ENG-422	Technical Writing	3(3-0)
2	POL-402	Political Systems (Developing)	3(3-0)
3	POL-404	Pakistan Movement	3(3-0)
4	POL-406	Introduction to International Relations	3(3-0)
5	IRS-504	Strategic Studies	3(3-0)
	<b>Total:</b>		<b>15</b>

Sr. No.	Course Code	Semester-V	Credit Hours
1	POL-501	Western Political Philosophy-I	3(3-0)
2	POL-503	Muslim Political Philosophy-I	3(3-0)
3	POL-505	Comparative and Developmental Politics-I	3(3-0)
4	POL-509	Public Administration	3(3-0)
5	POL-511	Diplomacy	3(3-0)

6	POL-513	Contemporary politics of Central Asia	3(3-0)
	<b>Total:</b>		<b>18</b>

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Semester-VI</b>	<b>Credit Hours</b>
1	POL-502	Western Political Philosophy-II	3(3-0)
2	POL-504	Muslim Political Philosophy-II	3(3-0)
3	POL-506	Comparative and Developmental Politics-II	3(3-0)
4	POL-508	History of International Relations	3(3-0)
5	POL-510	Introduction to Local Government	3(3-0)
6	POL-512	Constitutional Development and Pakistan's Politics	3(3-0)
	<b>Total:</b>		<b>18</b>

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Semester-VII</b>	<b>Credit Hours</b>
1	POL-601	Research Methodology	3(3-0)
2	POL-603	Foreign Policy Analysis	3(3-0)
3	POL-605	Public International Law-I	3(3-0)
4	POL-611	Ideology and Dynamics of Pakistan's Politics	3(3-0)
5	POL-613	Politics of Federation in Pakistan	3(3-0)
6	POL-615	Conflict and Peace Studies	3(3-0)
	<b>Total:</b>		<b>18</b>

<b>Sr. No.</b>	<b>Course Code</b>	<b>Semester-VIII</b>	<b>Credit Hours</b>
1	POL-602	Public International Law-II	3(3-0)
2	POL-604	International Organizations	3(3-0)
3	POL-606	Political Economy of Pakistan	3(3-0)
4	POL-612	Foreign Policy of Pakistan	3(3-0)
5	POL-631	Research Report	3(0-3)
	<b>Total:</b>		<b>15</b>
<b>TOTAL CREDIT HOURS: 136</b>			

# Detailed Course Outline of BS POLITICAL SCIENCE

## Semester-I

### FUNCTIONAL ENGLISH 3(3-0)

**Objectives:** Enhance language skills and develop critical thinking.

#### Course Contents

##### Basics of Grammar

- Parts of speech and use of articles
- Sentence structure, active and passive voice
- Practice in unified sentence
- Analysis of phrase, clause and sentence structure
- Transitive and intransitive verbs
- Punctuation and spelling

##### Comprehension

- Answers to questions on a given text

##### Discussion

- General topics and every-day conversation (topics for discussion to be at the discretion of the teacher keeping in view the level of students)

##### Listening

- To be improved by showing documentaries/films carefully selected by subject teachers

##### Translation skills

##### Urdu to English

##### Paragraph writing

- Topics to be chosen at the discretion of the teacher

##### Presentation skills

- Introduction

*Note: Extensive reading is required for vocabulary building*

#### Recommended books:

##### 1. Functional English

###### a) Grammar

1. Practical English Grammar by A.J. Thomson and A.V. Martinet. Exercises 1. Third edition. Oxford University Press. 1997. ISBN 0 194313492

2. Practical English Grammar by A.J. Thomson and A.V. Martinet. Exercises 2. Third edition. Oxford University Press. 1997. ISBN 0 194313506

###### b) Writing

1. Writing. Intermediate by Marie-Christine Boutin, Suzanne Brinand and Francoise Grellet. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Fourth Impression 1993. ISBN 0 19 435405 7 Pages 20-27 and 35-41.

###### c) Reading/Comprehension

1. Reading. Upper Intermediate. Brian Tomlinson and Rod Ellis. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Third Impression 1992. ISBN 0 19 453402 2.  
d) Speaking

## **ISLAMIC STUDIES 2(2-0)**

### **Objectives:**

This course is aimed at:

1. To provide Basic information about Islamic Studies
2. To enhance understanding of the students regarding Islamic Civilization
3. To improve Students skill to perform prayers and other worships
4. To enhance the skill of the students for understanding of issues related to faith and religious life.

### **Detail of Courses**

#### **1. Introduction to Quranic Studies**

1. Basic Concepts of Quran
2. History of Quran
3. Uloom-ul -Quran

#### **2. Study of Selected Text of Holly Quran**

1. Verses of Surah Al-Baqra Related to Faith (Verse No-284-286)
2. Verses of Surah Al-Hujrat Related to Adab Al-Nabi
3. (Verse No-1-18)
4. Verses of Surah Al-Mumanoon Related to Characteristics of faithful (Verse No-1-11)
5. Verses of Surah al-Furqan Related to Social Ethics (Verse No.63-77)
6. Verses of Surah Al-Inam Related to Ihkam (Verse No-152-154)

#### **3. Study of Selected Text of Holly Quran**

1. Verses of Surah Al-Ihzab Related to Adab al-Nabi (Verse No.6,21,40,56,57,58.)
2. Verses of Surah Al-Hashar (18,19,20) Related to thinking, Day of Judgment
3. Verses of Surah Al-Saf Related to Tafakar, Tadabar (Verse No-1,14)

#### **4. Seerat of Holy Prophet (S.A.W) I**

1. Life of Muhammad Bin Abdullah (Before Prophet Hood)
2. Life of Holy Prophet (S.A.W) in Makkah

## **INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SCIENCE 3(3-0)**

### **Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to introduce the students with the fundamentals of the subject of Political Science and prepare them for advanced studies in the forthcoming semesters. The very basic concepts and terminology commonly used in the further courses of studies are taught to make the students friendly with the subject.

### **Contents:**

1. Definition, Nature, Scope and Sub-fields of Political Science.
2. Relationship of Political Science with other social sciences.
3. Approaches to the study of Political Science: Traditional and Modern.

4. Basic concepts of Political Science: Power, Authority, Legitimacy, Nation and Sovereignty.
5. State: its origin and evolution; Western and Islamic concepts of State, Forms of State: Unitary, Federation, Confederation.
6. Organs of Government: Legislature, Executive, Judiciary.
7. Forms of Government: Parliamentary, Presidential, Authoritarian.

**Note:** *Sub-fields of Political Science include: Political Philosophy/Theory; Comparative Politics; International Relations; Public Administration/ Public Policy; Local Government, etc.*

**Recommended Books:**

1. Choudhry Ahmad Shafi, Usul-e-Siyasiat (Urdu), Lahore Standard Book Depot, 1996.
2. Sheikh Bashir Ahmad, Riyasat Jo Ilm (Sindhi meaning Science of State), Jamshoro, Institute of Sindhalogy, University of Sindh, 1985.
3. Mazher ul Haq, Theory and Practice in Political Science, Lahore Bookland, 1996.
4. Michael G. Roskin, Political Science: An Introduction, London: Prentice Hall, 1997.
5. Mohammad Sarwar, Introduction to Political Science, Lahore Ilmi Kutub Khana, 1996.
6. Robert Jackson and Dorreen Jackson, A Comparative Introduction to Political Science (New Jersey, Prentice – Hall, 1997)
7. Rodee Anderson etc. *Introduction to Political Science*, Islamabad, National Book Foundation, Latest Edition.
8. R. C. Agarwal, Political Theory (Principles of Pol. Science), New Delhi, S. Chand & Co., 2006.
9. V. D. Mahajan, Political Theory (Principles of Pol. Science), New Delhi, S. Chand & Co., 2006.
10. Ian Mackenzi (Ed.), Political Concepts: A Reader and Guide, Edinburgh, University Press, 2005.

## **EVERYDAY SCIENCE 3(3-0)**

**Specific Objectives of Course:**

To prepare the Students of Faculties other than Sciences for General Science portion of Competitive Exams

**Biological and Food Sciences**

**The Basis of Life:** - Cell Structures and Functions (Subcellular Organelles such as Nucleus, Mitochondria and Ribosomes).

**Biomolecules:** - Proteins, Lipids, Carbohydrates and Enzymes.

**Plant and Animal Kingdom:** - A brief survey of plant and animal kingdom to pinpoint similarities and diversities in nature.

**Common Diseases and Epidemics:** - Polio, Diarrhea, Malaria, Hepatitis, Dengue their Causes and Prevention.

**Concept of Balance Diet:** - Vitamins, Carbohydrates, Protein, Fats and oil, Minerals, Fiber.

**Quality of Food:** - Bioavailability of Nutrients, Appearance, Texture, Flavor, Quality of Packed and Frozen Food, Food Additives, Preservatives and Antioxidants

**Food Deterioration and its Control:** - Causes of Food Deterioration, Adulteration, Food Preservation.

**Environmental & Physical Sciences**

**Environment:** - The Atmosphere, Hydrosphere, Biosphere, and Lithosphere. Atmospheric Pollution, Water Pollution, Land Pollution, Remote Sensing and GIS

**Energy Resources:** - Sources of Energy (Renewable i.e. LED Energy, Solar Energy, Wind Energy and Non-Renewable Energy conservation and its sustainable use.

**Constituents and Structure:** -Universe, Galaxy, Light Year, Solar System, Sun, Earth, Astronomical System of Units.

**Process of Nature:** - Solar and Lunar Eclipses, Rotation and Revolution, Weather Variables (Global Temperature, Pressure, Circulation, Precipitation, Humidity) and Weather Variations.

**Natural Hazards and Disasters:** - Earth Quake, Volcanic Eruption, Tsunami, Floods, Avalanche, Travelling Cyclone (Tropical Cyclone, Middle Latitude Cyclone and Tornadoes), Drought, Wildfire, Urban Fire. Disaster Risk Management.

**Atomic Structure,** Chemical Bonding, Electromagnetic Radiations.

**Modern Materials/Chemicals:** - Ceramics, Plastics, Semiconductors. Antibiotics, Vaccines, Fertilizers, Pesticides.

**Suggested Readings:**

Asimov, I. (2005). *Impact of Science on Society*,. University Press of the Pacific.

Hotchkiss, N. N. (1999). *Food Science*. Springer Publishers.

Joseph Mason, J. B. (2015). *Physical Geography: The Global Environment*. Oxford University Press.

Michael L. McKinney, R. S. (2012). *Environmental Science: Systems and Solutions* . Jones & Bartlett Learning Publishers.

Walter A. Thurber, R. E. (1977). *Exploring Physical Science*. Boston: Allyn and Bacon.

## **INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY 3(3-0)**

**Objective:**

The course is designed to introduce the students with sociological concepts and the discipline. The focus of the course shall be on significant concepts like social systems and structures, socio-economic changes and social processes. The course will provide due foundation for further studies in the field of sociology.

**Course Outline**

1. Introduction
  - a. Definition, Scope, and Subject Matter



- b. Sociology as a Science
  - c. Historical back ground of Sociology
- 2. Basic Concepts
  - a. Group, Community, Society
  - b. Associations
    - i. Non-Voluntary
    - ii. Voluntary
  - c. Organization
    - i. Informal
    - ii. Formal
  - d. Social Interaction
    - i. Levels of Social Interaction
    - ii. Process of Social Interaction
      - a) Cooperation
      - b) Competition
      - c) Conflict
      - d) Accommodation
      - e) Acculturation and diffusion
      - f) Assimilation
      - g) Amalgamation
- 3. Social Groups
  - a. Definition & Functions
  - b. Types of social groups
    - i. In and out groups
    - ii. Primary and Secondary group
    - iii. Reference groups
    - iv. Informal and Formal groups
    - v. Pressure groups
- 4. Culture
  - a. Definition, aspects and characteristics of Culture
    - i. Material and non-material culture
    - ii. Ideal and real culture
  - b. Elements of culture
    - i. Beliefs
    - ii. Values
    - iii. Norms and social sanctions
  - c. Organizations of culture
    - i. Traits
    - ii. Complexes
    - iii. Patterns
    - iv. Ethos
    - v. Theme
  - d. Other related concepts
    - i. Cultural Relativism
    - ii. Sub Cultures
    - iii. Ethnocentrism and Xenocentrism

iv. Cultural lag

5. Socialization & Personality
  - a. Personality, Factors in Personality Formation
  - b. Socialization, Agencies of Socialization
  - c. Role & Status
6. Deviance and Social Control
  - a. Deviance and its types
  - b. Social control and its need
  - c. Forms of Social control
  - d. Methods & Agencies of Social control
7. Collective Behavior
  - a. Collective behavior, its types
  - b. Crowd behavior
  - c. Public opinion
  - d. Propaganda
  - e. Social movements
  - f. Leadership

**Recommended Books:**

1. Anderson, Margaret and Howard F. Taylor. 2001. *Sociology the Essentials*. Australia: Wadsworth.
  2. Brown, Ken 2004. *Sociology*. UK: Polity Press
  3. Giddens, Anthony 2002. *Introduction to Sociology*. UK: Polity Press.
  4. Macionis, John J. 2006. 10<sup>th</sup> Edition *Sociology* New Jersey: Prentice-Hall
  5. Tischler, Henry L. 2002. *Introduction to Sociology* 7th ed. New York: The Harcourt Press.
  6. Frank N Magill. 2003. *International Encyclopedia of Sociology*. U.S.A: Fitzroy Dearborn Publishers
  7. Macionis, John J. 2005. *Sociology* 10<sup>th</sup> ed. South Asia: Pearson Education
  8. Kerbo, Harold R. 1989. *Sociology: Social Structure and Social Conflict*. New York: Macmillan Publishing Company.
  9. Koenig Samuel. 1957. *Sociology: An Introduction to the Science of Society*. New York: Barnes and Nobel.
  10. Lee, Alfred Mclung and Lee, Elizabeth Briant 1961. *Marriage and The family*. New York: Barnes and Noble, Inc.
  11. Leslie, Gerald et al. 1973. *Order and Change: Introductory Sociology* Toronto: Oxford University Press.
  12. Lenski, Gevbard and Lenski, Jeam. 1982. *Human Societies*. 4<sup>th</sup> edition New York: McGraw-Hill Book Company.
- James M. Henslin. 2004. *Sociology: A Down to Earth Approach*. Toronto: Allen and Bacon.

## **INTRODUCTION TO GEOGRAPHY 3(3-0)**

**Objective:** To expose students with the founding principles of Geography and

geographical knowledge.

### **Course Contents:**

**Introduction to Geography:** Definitions of Geography, Scope of Geography, Major Branches of Geography, Relationship with other disciplines

**Branches of Physical geography:** Geomorphology, Pleistocene Geomorphology, Quaternary Geomorphology, Coastal Morphology, Fluvial Morphology, Glaciology, Desert Morphology, Soil Geography, Meteorology, Climatic Change Studies, Advance Plant Geography, Zoo-Geography, Oceanography, Climatology, Natural Hazards and Disaster Management

**Branches of Human Geography:** Cultural Geography, Social Geography, Population Geography, Geography of Migration and Regional Development, Behavioural Geography, Historical Geography, Geography of Religion, Geography of Crimes, Geography of Recreation and Tourism, Gender Geography,

**Roots of the discipline and basic geographic concepts:** Location, Region, Density, Dispersion, Pattern, Spatial Interaction, Scale, Spatial Diffusion

**Themes and traditions of Geography:** Location, Place, Interaction, Movement, Region

**Tools of Geography:** Geographical Information system, Remote Sensing The Universe

**The Earth as a planet:** Mapping the earth as planet, Celestial positions, its shape and size, Earth-sun relationship, Rotation, revolution and related phenomena, Galaxies and solar system  
Comprehension of atlases, map reading skills, location of places, Location, Distance, and Direction on Maps features and relevant work related to Mid term topics of the theoretical section.

**Spheres of the earth:** Lithosphere, The layered Interior of Earth surface, Minerals and igneous rocks Sedimentary and metamorphic Rocks, Plates of Lithosphere

**Atmosphere:** Composition of the atmosphere, Structure of the atmosphere

**Hydrosphere:** Circulation of the world oceans,

**Biosphere:** Biogeographic Processes, Man-environment interaction, Environmental determinism, Environmental possibilism

**Population:** Natural increase as a component of population change, Demographic transition, Link between population and development

**Major Economic activities:** Primary economic activities, Secondary economic activities Tertiary economic activities, Quaternary economic activities, Quinary economic activities

**Pollution:** Types of Pollution

**Settlements:** Settlement dynamics

### **Suggested Books & Readings**

#### **Required Books**

Strahler, A. (2013) Introduction to Physical Geography, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey.

Guinness, J. P. & Nagle, G. (2011) Geography, Hodder Education, London.

#### **Recommended Books:**

Arbogast, A. F. (2007) Discovering Physical Geography, John Wiley and Sons, London.

Christopherson, R. W. (2009) Geo systems: An introduction to Physical

Geography, Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey.

### **Reference Book**

- De Blij, H. J and Muller, P. O. (1996) Physical Geography of the Global Environment, USA, John Wiley and sons Inc., New Jersey.
- King, C. (1980) Physical Geography, Basil Blackwell, Oxford.
- Miller, G. T. (2008) Living in the Environment, Principles, connections and Solutions, Wadsworth, USA
- Monkhouse, F. J. (1996) Principles of Physical Geography, Hodder & Stoughton, London.
- Scott, R. C. (1996) Introduction to physical geography, West Publishing Co, New York.
- Small, R. J. (1989) Geomorphology and Hydrology, Longman, London.
- Stringer, E. T. (2004) Modern Physical Geography, John Wiley, New York.
- Taylor, J. (1993) Integral Physical Geography, Longman, London.
- Thompson, R. D. (1986) Process in Physical Geography, Longman, London.
- Thornbury, W. D. (2004) Principles of Geomorphology, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- Thurman, H. V. & Trujillo, A. P. (2013) Essentials of Oceanography, Prentice Hall Inc., USA.

## **SEMESTER II**

### **PAKISTAN STUDIES 2(2-0)**

#### **Introduction/Objectives**

- Develop vision of historical perspective, government, politics, contemporary Pakistan, ideological background of Pakistan.
- Study the process of governance, national development, issues arising in the modern age and posing challenges to Pakistan.

#### **Course Outline**

##### **1. Historical Perspective**

- a. Ideological rationale with special reference to Sir Syed Ahmed Khan, Allama Muhammad Iqbal and Quaid-i-Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah.
- b. Factors leading to Muslim separatism
- c. People and Land
  - i. Indus Civilization
  - ii. Muslim advent
  - iii. Location and geo-physical features.

##### **2. Government and Politics in Pakistan**

Political and constitutional phases:

- a. 1947-58
- b. 1958-71
- c. 1971-77
- d. 1977-88
- e. 1988-99
- f. 1999 onward

##### **3. Contemporary Pakistan**

- a. Economic institutions and issues

- b. Society and social structure
- c. Ethnicity
- d. Foreign policy of Pakistan and challenges
- e. Futuristic outlook of Pakistan

### **Books Recommended**

1. Burki, Shahid Javed. *State & Society in Pakistan*, The Macmillan Press Ltd 1980.
2. Akbar, S. Zaidi. *Issue in Pakistan's Economy*. Karachi: Oxford University Press, 2000.
3. S.M. Burke and Lawrence Ziring. *Pakistan's Foreign policy: An Historical analysis*. Karachi: Oxford University Press, 1993.
4. Mehmood, Safdar. *Pakistan Political Roots & Development*. Lahore, 1994.
5. Wilcox, Wayne. *The Emergence of Bangladesh*., Washington: American Enterprise, Institute of Public Policy Research, 1972.
6. Mehmood, Safdar. *Pakistan Kayyun Toota*, Lahore: Idara-e-Saqafat-e-Islamia, Club Road, nd.
7. Amin, Tahir. *Ethno - National Movement in Pakistan*, Islamabad: Institute of Policy Studies, Islamabad.
8. Ziring, Lawrence. *Enigma of Political Development*. Kent England: Wm Dawson & sons Ltd, 1980.
9. Zahid, Ansar. *History & Culture of Sindh*. Karachi: Royal Book Company, 1980.
10. Afzal, M. Rafique. *Political Parties in Pakistan*, Vol. I, II & III. Islamabad: National Institute of Historical and cultural Research, 1998.
11. Sayeed, Khalid Bin. *The Political System of Pakistan*. Boston: Houghton Mifflin, 1967.
12. Aziz, K.K. *Party, Politics in Pakistan*, Islamabad: National Commission on Historical and Cultural Research, 1976.
13. Muhammad Waseem, *Pakistan Under Martial Law*, Lahore: Vanguard, 1987.
14. Haq, Noor ul. *Making of Pakistan: The Military Perspective*. Islamabad: National Commission on Historical and Cultural Research, 1993.

## **PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL SCIENCE 3(3-0)**

### **Objectives:**

This course is the continuation of Political Science-I. It mainly emphasizes on the functional aspects of the politics in a society. The students are to be enabled to understand the functioning of the political system, study its various components and actors influencing this functioning.

### **Course Contents:**

1. Political System: Definition, Characteristics and Functions.
2. Law: Definition, Sources, kinds; its relationship with Morality, individual Liberty and Rights & Duties.
3. Constitution: Definition, kinds and amendments.
4. Political Parties: Kinds, Structures, Functions,
5. Interest Groups: Kinds, Functions, Relationship with

Political parties.

6. Public Opinion: Definition, Formulation, Assessment.

7. Electoral Process: Mechanism, Kinds of representation, requirements  
Of impartial elections.

8. Political Ideologies: Liberalism, Fascism, Nazism, Socialism, Marxism, Nationalism.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Choudhry Ahmad Shafi, Usul-e-Siyasiat (Urdu), Lahore Standard Book Depot, 1996.

2. Sheikh Bashir Ahmad, Riyasat Jo Ilm (Sindhi meaning Science of State), Jamshoro, Institute of Sindhalogy, University of Sindh, 1985.

3. Mazher ul Haq, Theory and Practice in Political Science, Lahore Bookland, 1996.

4. Michael G. Roskin, Political Science: An Introduction, London: Prentice Hall, 1997.

5. Mohammad Sarwar, Introduction to Political Science, Lahore Ilmi Kutub Khana, 1996.

6. Robert Jackson and Dorreen Jackson, A Comparative Introduction to Political Science (New Jersey, Prentice – Hall, 1997)

7. Rodee Anderson etc. *Introduction to Political Science*, Islamabad, National Book Foundation, Latest Edition.

8. R. C. Agarwal, Political Theory (Principles of Pol. Science), New Delhi, S. Chand & Co., 2006.

9. V. D. Mahajan, Political Theory (Principles of Pol. Science), New Delhi, S. Chand & Co., 2006.

10. Ian Mackenzi (Ed.), Political Concepts: A Reader and Guide, Edinburgh, University Press, 2005.

## **INTRODUCTION TO PARLIAMENTARY STUDIES 3(3-0)**

- Theory of Legislative Process, Parliamentary Form of Government & Rule of Law
- The Origin and Evolution of Parliamentary Democracy and Parliamentary Legislation
- Structure and Functions of a Legislature, Executive and Judiciary
- Parliamentary Ethics and Values
- Government Accountability and the Parliament
  
- Functions and Powers of Parliamentary Committees; Budget Scrutiny at the Parliament
- Comparative Study of the Parliaments of USA, UK, Australia, Canada & India
- International Parliamentary Organizations
- Role of Legislatures in Non-Democratic Regimes
- Constitutional Development & Federalism (Structure and Organization) in Pakistan
  
- Parliamentary History of Pakistan; Various Constitutions and Constitutional Amendments

- Structure and Functioning of Legislative Institutions (Federal, Provincial) in Pakistan
- Principles of Parliamentary Research

### **Recommended Books:**

RAW Rhodes et al (eds), *Oxford Handbook of Political Institutions*, Oxford University Press,

Gary Copeland and Samuel Patterson (eds) (1994), *Parliaments in the Modern World, Changing Institutions*, University of Chicago Press.

David Judge (1999), *Representation: Theory and Practice in the UK*, Routledge.

Matt Flinders (2009), *Democratic Drift*, Oxford University Press.

C. Jeffery and J. Mitchell (eds) (2009), *The Scottish Parliament 1999-2009: The First Decade*, Luath/Hansard Society.

David Arter (2013), *The Scottish Parliament: A Scandinavian-Style Assembly*, Routledge.

Jean McFadden and Mark Lazarowicz (2010), *The Scottish Parliament: An Introduction, 4th edition*, Bloomsbury Professional.

Special edition *Parliamentary Affairs*, vol.63, 2009 on Devolution: Ten Years On.

B. L. hankar & Rodrigues. V. “*The Indian Parliament: A Democracy at Work*”

Bahadur. K. (1998). “*Democracy in Pakistan Crisis and Conflicts*” New Delhi: Har-Anand Publications.

Caramani. D. (2014). “*Comparative Politics*” New York Oxford University: Cataloging Publications.

Clemens. S. “*Democracy and Party Systems in Developing Countries: A Comparative Study of India and South Africa*” India: Rout ledge Publications.

Davidson. L. (1997).” *The New Roles of Parliamentary Committees*” Canada: Routledge Publications.

Hamid Khan, *Constitutional and Political Development in Pakistan* (Karachi: Oxford University Press, 2002).

Ian Talbot, *Pakistan: A New History* (Karachi: Oxford University Press, 1999).

History of Parliamentary Democracy by Subaph C. Kashyap

Harold J. Laski, *Parliamentary Government in England*, London, Allen & Unwin, 1960

P.G Cocker, *Contemporary British Politics and Government*, Kent, Tudor Business Publishing Ltd., 1993,

Pomper McWilliams Baker, *American Government*, McMillan Publishing Co. London, 1993

Khalid Bin Syed, *Political System of Pakistan*, (Oxford University, Press, 1967)

Essentials of Parliamentary Democracy: Reginald G Bassett Routledge, 26-Nov-2013 - Political Science

Hatchard.J and Slinn. (1998).” *Parliamentary Supremacy and Judicial Supremacy*” Sydney: Cavendish Publications.

## **Political Tolerance 3(3-0)**

### **Course Outline**

Concept of Political tolerance

Typologies of Minorities and Model of Minorities Dynamics  
Rise of Liberalism  
Liberal Theories of Collective/ Minorities rights and ethno-cultural neutrality of the state  
Multi-culturalism, Identity and Politics  
Political Tolerance, political Repression and democratic theories  
Racial Polarization  
Political Tolerance in Pakistan  
Minorities rights in Pakistan from Objective resolution to the present.

### **Recommended Books**

Religion and the Politics of Tolerance by Marie Ann Eisenstein, Baylor University Press, 2008  
Political Tolerance: The Effects of Religion and Religiosity by ProQuest, 2007.  
Political tolerance: balancing community and diversity buy Robert Weissberg. Sage Publications, 1998  
Political tolerance in context: support for unpopular minorities in Israel, New Zealand, and the United States by John Lawrence Sullivan. Westview Press, 1985  
Political Tolerance and American Democracy by John L. Sullivan, James Pierson, George E. Marcus. University of Chicago Press, 15-May-1993.  
Political tolerance in South Africa: role of the media & opinion-makers: symposium report by Ibrahim Agboola Gambari, Institute for a Democratic Alternative for South Africa, 1993  
Understanding Political Tolerance: A Status Category and Political Sympathy Model of Public Support for Free Expression by Catherine Ann Steele University of Wisconsin--Madison, 1993

## **Semester-III**

### **COMMUNICATION SKILLS 3(3-0)**

**Objectives:** Enable the students to meet their real life communication needs.

#### **Course Contents**

##### **Paragraph writing**

Practice in writing a good, unified and coherent paragraph

##### **Essay writing**

Introduction

##### **CV and job application**

Translation skills

Urdu to English

##### **Study skills**

Skimming and scanning, intensive and extensive, and speed reading, summary and précis writing and comprehension

##### **Academic skills**

Letter/memo writing, minutes of meetings, use of library and internet

##### **Presentation skills**

Personality development (emphasis on content, style and pronunciation)

*Note: documentaries to be shown for discussion and review*

#### **Recommended books:**



### **Communication Skills**

#### **a) Grammar**

1. Practical English Grammar by A.J. Thomson and A.V. Martinet. Exercises
2. Third edition. Oxford University Press 1986. ISBN 0 19 431350 6.

#### **b) Writing**

1. Writing. Intermediate by Marie-Christine Boutin, Suzanne Brinand and Francoise Grellet. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Fourth Impression 1993. ISBN 0 19 435405 7 Pages 45-53 (note taking).
2. Writing. Upper-Intermediate by Rob Nolasco. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Fourth Impression 1992. ISBN 0 194354065 (particularly good for writing memos, introduction to presentations, descriptive and argumentative writing).

#### **c) Reading**

1. Reading. Advanced. Brian Tomlinson and Rod Ellis. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Third Impression 1991. ISBN 0 19 4534030.
2. Reading and Study Skills by John Langan
3. Study Skills by Richard Yorky.

## **POLITICAL SYSTEMS (DEVELOPED) UK & USA 3(3-0)**

### **Objectives:**

The course is designed to give an understanding to the students about the functioning of the developed political systems and their structure. In this course efforts are made to cover the various aspects of Political Systems of UK and USA. The purpose of this course is to generate awareness among the students about the actual functioning of these political systems. This study will enable them to compare any other political system and find out the reasons of its malfunctioning and solution of various problems faced in it.

### **Course Contents:**

Following aspects of the political systems of UK and USA shall be studied.

1. Historical background and development;
2. Constitutional/legal foundations of the system;
3. Political process and political recruitment;
  - a. Political parties and pressure groups
  - b. Functioning of the organs of the government: legislature, executive and judiciary
- c. Political environmental factors influencing the politics such as geographic, socio-economic, international scenario, media etc.
4. Political culture

### **Recommended Books:**

1. F.N Forman and N.D.J Baldwin, British Politics, London: MacMillan, 1991
2. G.Q. Wilson, *American Government: Institutions and Politics*, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Heath & Co., n.d.
3. Harold J. Laski, *Parliamentary Government in England*, London, Allen & Unwin, 1960
4. J. M. Colomer, *Political Institutions in Europe*, London, 1996

5. M. Carter Gwendolen and John H. Hertz, *Major Foreign Powers*, New York: Harcourt, Brace & World, INC, 1967
6. P.G Cocker, *Contemporary British Politics and Government*, Kent, Tudor Business Publishing Ltd., 1993,
7. Pomper McWilliams Baker, *American Government*, McMillan Publishing Co. London, 1993
8. Ramsay Muir, *How Britain is Governed*, London, Constable & Co., 1940
9. Robert G. Neumann, *European Government*, New York: McGraw-Hill, INC, 1968
10. Thomas E. Patterson, *The American Democracy*, Boston, McGraw Hill College, 1999

## **PRINCIPLES OF MICROECONOMICS 3(3-0)**

### **COURSE DESCRIPTION**

Principles of Microeconomics is an introductory undergraduate course that teaches the fundamentals of microeconomics. This course introduces microeconomic concepts, supply and demand analysis, theories of the firm and individual behavior, competition and monopoly. Students will also be introduced to the use of microeconomic applications to address problems in current economic policy throughout the semester. The course will rely heavily on graphical analysis and simple numerical calculations.

### **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

By the end of the course, students will be able to understand introductory microeconomic theory, solve basic microeconomic problems, and use these techniques to think about a number of basic policy questions relevant to the operation of the economy. More specifically, this course aims:

To develop an understanding of introductory microeconomic theory and its relevance to the real word

To sharpen the problem solving tactics required to solve basic microeconomic problems

To give a broader implications of microeconomics principles and their applications

To train the students to work with others as a part of team to solve problems

### **COURSE CONTENT**

#### 1. Introduction

The Economic Problem

Economic Decision Makers

The Circular Flow Model

Distinction Between Microeconomics and Macroeconomics

The Market System

#### 2. Demand & Supply:

Demand, Demand Function, Demand Curve, Engel Curve, Changes in Demand, Law of Demand, shift in Demand, Factors Affecting Demand, Consumer Surplus

Supply, Supply Function, Supply Curve, Changes in Supply, Factors Affecting Supply, Law of Supply, Producer Surplus

Equilibrium of Demand and Supply, Market Equilibrium, Price Controls, Taxes and Subsidies

#### 3. Elasticity of Demand & Supply:

Price Elasticity of Demand & Supply

Point Elasticity of Demand & Supply  
Arc Elasticity of demand & Supply  
Income Elasticity of Demand & Supply  
Cross Elasticity of demand & Supply

4. Consumer Behavior:

Utility Analysis (Cardinal Approach), Marginal Utility  
Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility and Law of Equi-Marginal Utility, Consumer Equilibrium

Ordinal Approach of Consumer Behavior, Indifference Curves, Features of Indifference Curves, Budget Line, Consumer Equilibrium, Comparison between two approaches

5. The Theory of production & Theory of Cost:

Cost of Production, Short Period and Long Period Analysis  
Economies of Scale, Elasticity of Cost, Graphical Representation of Long Run Cost Production, Factors of Production, Production Function, Short Period Production Relations, Total, Average and Marginal Product, Elasticity of Production  
Laws of Returns to Scale  
Duality Between Production and Cost of Production

6. Market Structure:

Basics of Perfect Competition, Monopoly, Monopolistic Competition and Oligopoly  
Different Possibilities of Short Run Firm Equilibrium under Perfect Competition  
Profit Maximization in Short-run and long-run under Perfect Competition  
Supply Curve of Perfectly Competitive Firm under Short and Long Run  
Short run and Long run Equilibrium under Monopoly

**TEXT AND REFERENCE BOOKS:**

Campbell R. McConnell, Stanley L. Brue, *Principles of Economics*, 17th edition (or latest available).

Michael J. Swann, William A. McEachern *Microeconomics: A Contemporary Introduction*, 3rd edition (or latest available)

Mankiw N. Gregory, *Principles of Microeconomics* 7th edition (or latest available).

Paul A. Samuelson, William D. Nordhaus, *Economics*, Latest Edition

## **MATHEMATICS-I 3(3-0)**

**Specific Objectives of the Course:** To prepare the students, not majoring in mathematics, with the essential tools of algebra to apply the concepts and the techniques in their respective disciplines.

**Course Outline:**

*Preliminaries:* Real-number system, complex numbers, introduction to sets, set operations, functions, types of functions. *Matrices:* Introduction to matrices, types, matrix inverse, determinants, system of linear equations, Cramer's rule.

*Quadratic Equations:* Solution of quadratic equations, qualitative analysis of roots of a quadratic equation, equations reducible to quadratic equations, cube roots of unity, relation between roots and coefficients of quadratic equations.

*Sequences and Series:* Arithmetic progression, geometric progression, harmonic progression. *Binomial Theorem:* Introduction to mathematical induction, binomial theorem

with rational and irrational indices. *Trigonometry*: Fundamentals of trigonometry, trigonometric identities.

**Recommended Books:**

Dolciani MP, Wooton W, Beckenback EF, Sharron S, *Algebra 2 and Trigonometry*, 1978, Houghton & Mifflin,

Boston (suggested text)

Kaufmann JE, *College Algebra and Trigonometry*, 1987, PWS-Kent Company, Boston

Swokowski EW, *Fundamentals of Algebra and Trigonometry* (6<sup>th</sup> edition), 1986, PWS-Kent Company, Boston

## **Semester-IV**

### **TECHNICAL WRITING 3(3-0)**

**Objectives:** Enhance language skills and develop critical thinking

**Course Contents**

**Presentation skills**

**Essay writing**

Descriptive, narrative, discursive, argumentative

**Academic writing**

How to write a proposal for research paper/term paper?

How to write a research paper/term paper (emphasis on style, content, language, form, clarity, consistency)

**Technical Report writing**

**Progress report writing**

*Note: Extensive reading is required for vocabulary building*

**Recommended books:**

Technical Writing and Presentation Skills

a) Essay Writing and Academic Writing

1. Writing. Advanced by Ron White. Oxford Supplementary Skills. Third Impression 1992. ISBN 0 19 435407 3 (particularly suitable for discursive, descriptive, argumentative and report writing).

2. College Writing Skills by John Langan. McGraw-Hill Higher Education. 2004.

3. Patterns of College Writing (4<sup>th</sup> edition) by Laurie G. Kirszner and Stephen R. Mandell. St. Martin's Press.

b) Presentation Skills

c) Reading

The Mercury Reader. A Custom Publication. Compiled by northern Illinois University. General Editors: Janice Neulib; Kathleen Shine Cain; Stephen Ruffus and Maurice Scharton. (A reader which will give students exposure to the best of twentieth century literature, without taxing the taste of engineering students).

### **POLITICAL SYSTEMS (DEVELOPING) 3(3-0)**

**Objectives:**

This course is designed to enable the students for a comparative study of the political systems of Pakistan, India, Turkey and Iran. This study will not only provide the students with basic knowledge about the actual functioning of these political systems, but also

enable them to make a meaningful comparison among any of the countries and find out the reasons of malfunctioning, if any.

### **Course Contents:**

Following aspects of the political systems of the Countries under reference shall be studied: -

1. Historical background and development;
2. Constitutional/legal foundations of the system;
3. Political process:
  - a. Political parties and pressure groups;
  - b. Functioning of the organs of the government: legislature, executive and judiciary
  - c. Political environmental factors influencing the politics such as geographic, socio-economic, international scenario, media etc.
4. Political culture: Salient features, public participation, ideological orientations, nature of civil-military relations.

### **Recommended Books:**

1. Iqbal Ahmad (Ed.) *The Islamic Revolution in Iran*, Lahore, 1980.
2. Durga Das Basu, *Introduction to the Constitution of India*, New Delhi, Prentice-Hall, Latest edition.
3. Sheikh Javeed Ahmed, *Political System of Iran*, (Lahore: University Book Corner, 2004)
4. Ergun Ozbudun, *Contemporary Turkish Politics: Challenges to Democratic Consolidation* (Lynner Liener 2000)
5. Khalid Bin Syed, *Political System of Pakistan*, (Oxford University, Press, 1967)
6. M.P Singh, *Indian Political System* (Manak Publishers, N.D)
7. Rai Shakeel Akhtar, *Turkey: In New World Perspective*, Lahore: Sang-e-Meel Publications N.D.
8. Hamid Khan, *Constitutional and Political History of Pakistan*, Lahore, Oxford U. Press, 2001.
9. Safdar Mahmood, *Constitutional Foundations of Pakistan*, Lahore, Jang Publishers, 1990.
10. Robert L. Hardgrave, *India: Govt. & Politics in a Developing Nation*, New York, Harcourt, Brace & World, 1970.

## **PAKISTAN MOVEMENT 3(3-0)**

### **Objectives:**

The course is designed to generate awareness among the students regarding genesis of Pakistan, constitutional and political evolution in the Indo-Pak sub continent. It will enable the students to determine the real

Objectives of the struggle of Indian Muslims in the first half of 20<sup>th</sup> century.

### **Course Contents:**

1. Establishment of British Raj and its impact on Indian Muslims;
2. Politics of All Indian National Congress and Muslim grievances;

3. Gradual involvement of the Muslims in Indian political processes and the role played by eminent Muslim leaders;
4. All India Muslim League: Objectives and priorities
5. Initiatives towards the establishment of responsible government (1914-1935);
6. Fluctuating trends in the subsequent developments in Pakistan movement;
7. The Second World War and its impact on Pakistan Movement;
8. The Cripps Mission and Congress revolt, Jinnah-Gandhi talks, Simla conference and elections, the Cabinet Mission;
9. The Interim government and transfer of power.

### **Recommended Books:**

1. Ishtiaq Hussain Qureshi, The Struggle for Pakistan, Karachi, Karachi University Press, 1997.
2. C. Rahmat Ali, Pakistan, London, Athlone Press, 1947.
3. Abul Kalam Azad, India Wins Freedom, Islamabad, National Book Foundation, 2007.
4. Abdul Waheed Khan, India Wins Freedom: The Other Side, Karachi, 1961
5. Stephen P. Cohen, The Idea of Pakistan, Lahore, Vanguard, Books.
6. Ian Talbot, Pakistan: A Modern History, Lahore, Vanguard, 1999.
7. Keith Callard, Pakistan: A Political Study, Karachi, Oxford University Press, 1968.
8. Safdar Mahmood, Constitutional Foundation of Pakistan, Lahore, Jang Publishers, 1990.

## **INTRODUCTION TO INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS 3(3-0)**

### **Objectives:**

The course is designed to focus on the dynamics of International Relations, national interests; power factor and state behavior as a guide to understand the nature of real politick. The course will enable the students to analyze the basic approaches and fundamental concepts of International Relations.

### **Course Outline:**

1. Introduction, Nature and Scope of International Relations;
2. Approaches to the Study of International Relations:
  - a) Realism
  - b) Idealism (Liberalism)
  - c) Behaviouralism.
3. Modern State System and Sovereignty;
4. Doctrine of Power in International Relations:
  - a) Elements of Power
  - b) Balance of Power.
5. National Interests in International Relations
6. Concept of Nationalism;
7. Concept of Diplomacy
  - a). Status of diplomacy during cold war;
  - b). Status of diplomacy in the post cold war era;
  - c). Status of diplomacy after 9/11.
8. Ideologies in the 21<sup>st</sup> century:
  - a). Clash of civilization (Islam vs the West);

b). End of History.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Bruce Russett, *Grasping the Democratic Peace: Principles for post Cold War World*, Princeton, Princeton University Press, 1993.
2. Chris Brown, *Understanding International Relations*, London, Palgrave, 2005.
3. Hans J. Morgenthau, *Politics Among Nations*, New York, McGraw Hill, 1993.
4. J. Steans and L. Pettiford, *International Relations: Perspectives and Themes*, Harlow, Pearson Education Press, 2005.
5. James E. Dougherty and Robert L. Pfaltzraff Jr. *Contending Theories of International Relations: Comprehensive Survey*, Ed (New York), Harper and Row Publishers, 1981
6. John Baylis and Steve Smith, *The Globalization of World Politics: An introduction to International Relations*, Oxford University Press, London, 2005
7. John T. Rourke, *International Politics on the World Stage*, Boston, Boston University Press, 2004.
8. Karen A. Mingst, *Essentials of International Relations*, London, W.W. Norton & Company, 2004.
9. Robert Jervis and Art Robert, *International Politics: Enduring Concepts and Contemporary Issues*, New York, Addison Wesley, 2003.
10. Robert Jervis, *Perception and Misperception in International Politics*, Princeton, Princeton University Press, 1976.

## **Semester –V**

### **WESTERN POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY-I 3(3-0)**

**Objectives:**

This course is designed to provide students grounding in evolution of Greek Political thought and institutions. The significance of this course is that Greek philosophy and institutions provided the basis for further development of the political studies.

**Course Contents:**

1. Political Institutions in ancient Greece
2. The Philosophy of Socrates
3. Political Philosophy of Plato
4. Political Philosophy of Aristotle

**Recommended Books:**

1. Ebenstein, *Political Thought from Plato to Present*, London, 1986;
2. Judd Herman, *Political Thought from Plato to Present*, Islamabad, National Book Foundation, 1982.
3. Earnest Barker, *Greek Political Thought: Plato & Aristotle*, London, 1964
4. G.H. Sabine, *History of Political Thought*, London, 1980
5. D.R. Bhandari, *History of European Political Thought*, New Delhi, 1962.

### **MUSLIM POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY-I 3(3-0)**

**Objectives:**

This course is designed to acquaint the students with the major political concepts of Islam, the structural functional aspect of Islamic polity, the writings of prominent Muslim thinkers with the prospects relating to the application of Islamic principles to modern times.

**Contents:****a) The Political Concepts and Institutions in Islam**

1. Khilafat
2. Shura
3. Justice (Adl)
4. Sovereignty
5. Equality
6. Status of Minorities in an Islamic States

**b) Muslim Political Thinkers:**

1. Al-Mawardi
2. Al-Farabi
3. Al-Ghazali
4. Ibn-e-Taymiya
5. Ibn-e-Khaldun
6. Shah Waliullah

**Recommended Books:**

1. M.M. Sharif, *History of Muslim Philosophy*, Lahore, Sang-e-Meel Publication, Latest Edition.
2. Haroon Khan Sherwani, *Muslim Political Thought & Administration*, Lahore, Ashraf Publications, 1962.
3. E. J. Rosenthal, *Political Thought in Medieval Islam*, Oxford University Press, 1967.
4. Rashid Ahmad, *Musalmano Kay Siasy Afkar (Urdu)*, Lahore, Urdu Bazar
5. Watt. Montgomery, *Islamic Political Thoughts*, Edinburgh University Press, Latest Edition.
6. Mumtaz Ahmad (ed.), *State, Politics and Islam*, American Trust Publication, Indianapolis, 1986.
7. Muqadema Ibne Khaldun (Urdu Translation)
8. Ibne Taymiya, *Siyasatu Shariya (Urdu Translation)*

## **COMPARATIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL POLITICS-I 3(3-0)**

**Objectives:**

The objective of this course is to make the students aware about the basic concepts and terminology often used in the study of political systems and processes commonly in all the societies. Further, the students are to be prepared for making meaningful comparisons of various political systems with reference to their political functions, structures, cultures, development, processes etc.

**Course Contents:**

1. Approaches to comparative politics:
  - a. Traditional approach of its characteristics and critique.
  - b. Behavioral approach, its characteristics and critique.
2. Political system: definition, characteristics and functions. A detailed study of the models of political systems given by David Easton, and Almond Coleman.
3. Political Culture: meanings and scope, various kinds of political culture with reference to mass participations and civil-military relations.



**Recommended Books:**

1. Arthur Hughes, American Government, 3rd ed., 1980.
2. Binder Leonard and others. Crisis and Sequences in Political Development, Princeton University Press, 1971.
3. David E. Apter, Introduction to Political Analysis, Cambridge: Winthrop Publishers, Inc., 1977
4. David Easton, The System Analysis of Political Life, New York, Wilde Latest Edition.
5. G. A. Almond, *Comparative Politics*, Princeton U.P., 1966.
6. G. M. Career, 6th ed., Major Foreign Powers, New York, 1972.
7. H. V. Wiseman, Political System Some Sociological Approaches, London: Routledge and Kegan Paul, 1966.
8. J. Coleman and Almond, The Politics of Developing Areas, Princeton, U.P. Latest Edition.
9. J. Sodano Michael; 2nd ed., Comparative Politics: A Global Introduction, 2004.
10. Macridis and Ward, *Modern Political Systems (Asia)* Prentice-Hall, New Jersey, 1976.
11. Roy. C. Macridis, Comparative Politics 4th ed., The Dorsey Press, 1972.
12. S.E. Finer, Comparative Governments: An Introduction to the Study of Politics (New Zealand: Penguin Books, 1970).

**PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION 3(3-0)****Objectives:**

The course is designed to familiarize the students with the fundamentals of government and administration. Students will thus gain knowledge regarding the practical working of government as the functional arm of the state. This will also enable the students to become successful managers regardless of the fields they opt for as their future careers.

**Course Contents:**

1. Definition, Scope, Relationship with other Social Sciences, Public and Private Administration.
2. Approaches: Traditional, Behavioural and Post Behavioural.
3. Rise of Big Government and the Contributory Factors;
4. Bureaucracy, Concept, Nature and Functions, Max Weber's Ideal type, Criticism and the Changing View of Bureaucracy;
5. Functional Elements of administration:
  - a). Organization, its types, principles and theories;
  - b). Planning, Rationale and Principles;
  - c). Personnel Administration, its techniques and functions;
  - d). Communication, types and channels.
6. Decision Making: Models and Processes;
7. Administrative Accountability: the role of legislature, judiciary, public advocacy groups, ombudsman and the media.
8. Financial Administration: Budgeting, Auditing and the problems of financial discipline;
9. Public Policy Making with reference to the policy making structures in Pakistan.
10. Administrative Structure of Pakistan: Nature, Organization & Management Processes in the Centre and the Provinces.
11. Public – Private Collaboration, and the role of NGOs.

**Recommended Books:**

1. A. R. Tyagi, Public Administration: Principles and Practices, Lahore, Naeem Publishers, 1990.
2. Felix A. Nigro, and Llyod Nigro, Modern Public Administration (7<sup>th</sup> ed.), New York, Harper and Row/Collins, 1988.
3. Harold Koontz and Cyril O'Donnell, Principles of Management: AN Analysis of Managerial Functions, New York, McGraw-Hill, 1972.
4. James E. Morgan, Administrative and Supervisory Management, London, Prentice-Hall, 1982.
5. John McDonald Pfiffner, Public Administration, New York, John Wiley & Sons, 1975.
6. Marshall E. Dimock, Public Administration, Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1953.
7. Raymond W. Cox III, et. al., Public Administration in Theory and Practice, New Delhi, Pearson Education, Inc., 1994.
8. Richard J. Stillman, Public Administration, Concepts and Cases, London, Houghton Mifflin, 1976
9. Shahid Ali Rizvi, Nazmiyat –e-Amma (Urdu), Karachi, Maktaba-e-Faridi, 1982.
10. Theo Haimann, et. al., Management (4<sup>th</sup> edition), London, Houghton Mifflin, 1982.

**DIPLOMACY 3(3-0)****Objectives:**

The course endeavors to develop an understanding of the concept of diplomacy, its kinds and learning of negotiation techniques and strategies. Through its study, the students would acquire firsthand knowledge and insight into the process and diplomatic methods. It also focuses upon analyzing diplomatic procedures as an integral part of diplomatic practices and diplomatic missions.

**Course Outline:**

1. Evolution and development of diplomacy
2. Kinds of diplomacy and various methods of its implementation
  - a. Environmental diplomacy
  - b. Public diplomacy
3. Diplomacy since World War-II
4. Techniques of diplomacy and crisis management
5. The art of negotiations
  - a. Negotiation process
    - i. Preliminaries
    - ii. Substantives negotiations
  - b. Negotiation techniques
6. Diplomatic institutions
  - a. Consular immunities and privileges
  - b. Diplomatic missions: functions and organization
7. Diplomacy in Islam

**Recommended Books:**

1. Iqbal, Afzal, *Diplomacy in Islam*, Latest Edition.

2. Hamidullah, M., Muslim Conduct of State, Sheik Muhammad Ashraf, Lahore, Latest Edition.
3. Kissinger, Henry, Diplomacy, New York, Simon and Schuster, 1994.
4. Laurel, Paul (ed), Diplomacy: New Approaches in History, Theory and Practice, New York Press, 1979.
5. Nicholson, Harold, Diplomacy, Washington D.C., Institute for Study of Diplomacy, 1988.
6. Hissman, Roger, The Politics of Policy Making in Defense and Foreign Affairs, New York, Harper & Row, 1971.
7. Kaplan, Stephen, Diplomacy & Power, Washington D.C., Brookings, 1981.
8. Kennan, George F., Realities of American Foreign Policy, New York, W.W. Norton,

## **Semester –VI**

### **WESTERN POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY – II 3(3-0)**

#### **Objectives:**

This course is continuation of “Western Political Philosophy-I”. It is designed to provide further understanding among the students regarding an evolution of Western Political thoughts in medieval and modern period. It deals with the political philosophy of the most representative thinkers of major political movements.

#### **Course Contents:**

1. Machiavelli;
2. Hobbes;
3. Locke;
4. Rousseau;
5. Bentham;
6. J.S. Mill;
7. Hegel;
8. Karl Marx and Lenin;
9. Laski

#### **Recommended Books:**

1. Bertrand, Russel, A History of Western Philosophy, London, Allen & Unwin, 1957.
2. D.R. Bhandari, History of European Political Thought, New Delhi, 1962.
3. Ebenstein, Political Thought: From Plato to the Present, London, 1986.
4. G. H. Sabine, History of Political Thought, London, 1980.
5. Judd, Harmon, Political Thought: From Plato to the Present, London, McGraw Hill, 1964.
6. Kymlicka, Will, Contemporary Political Philosophy: An Introduction, London, Oxford University Press, 2006.
7. Paul Kelley (Ed.), Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present, London, Oxford University Press, 2006.
8. W.A., Dunning, History of Political Theories, New York, McMillan, 1935.
9. Zbigniew Brzezinski, The Grant Failure: The Birth and Death of Communism in the 20th Century, New York, 1990.

### **MUSLIM POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY-II 3(3-0)**

#### **Objectives:**

This course is continuation of “Muslim Political Philosophy-I”. It is designed to acquaint the students with the major political concepts of Islam, the structural functional aspect of Islamic polity, the writings of prominent Muslim thinkers with the prospects relating to the application of Islamic principles to modern times.

**Course Contents:**

1. Muhammad Iqbal
2. Jamaluddin Afghani
3. Muhammad Abdhu
4. Ubaidullah Sindhi
5. Abul Aala Maudoodi
6. Syed Qutb
7. Hasan Turabi
8. Imam Khumaini & Ali Shariati.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Ali Shariati, Sociology in Islam, Tehran, 1983
2. Allama Muhammad Iqbal, Reconstruction of Religious Thought in Islam, Lahore, Sheikh Ghulam Ali & Sons
3. Asghar Ali Shah, Mashriq Kay Siasi Afkar (Urdu), Lahore, Urdu Bazar, 1970.
4. Dr. Asrar Ahmad, Islam Ka Inqilabi Manshoor (Urdu), Lahore, Tanzeem-e-Islami Press, 2000.
5. H. K. Sherwani, Studies in Muslim Political Thought and Administration, Karachi, A.B. Corporation.
6. M. M. Sharif, History of Muslim Philosophy, Sang-e-Meel Publisher, Latest Edition
7. Manzooruddin Ahmad, Islamic Political System in Modern Age, Karachi, Saad Publications
8. Rashid Ahmad, Musalmano Kay Siasy Afkar (Urdu), Lahore, Urdu Bazar
9. Shaukat Ali, Masters of the Muslim Political Thought, Lahore, 1988.
10. Syed Abul Aala Maudoodi, Islami Riyasat (Urdu), Lahore, Islamic Publication, 1990.

## **COMPARATIVE AND DEVELOPMENTAL POLITICS – II 3(3-0)**

**Objectives:**

This course is in continuation of “Theory of Comparative and Developmental Politics-I”. Its purpose is to acquaint the students with a broader framework within which a political system develops, the various theories put forward and models designed. The role played in the process by elite institutions such as civil and military bureaucracies will also be taken into account.

**Course Contents:**

1. Political Development: meanings of Political Development and common characteristics.
2. Indicators of Political Development;
3. Socio-political change and Modernization: Major Theories and their Functional Implications;
4. Major Issues of National Identity and Integration: Legitimacy, Role of Bureaucracy and Military Elite, Charismatic Leadership.

**Recommended Books:**

1. Arthur Hughes, American Government, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 1980
2. David Easton, The System Analysis of Political Life, New York, Wilde, Latest edition
3. G.A Almond and J. Coleman, The Politics of Developing Areas, Princeton University Press, Latest edition
4. G.A Almond, Comparative Politics, Princeton University Press, 1966.
5. G.M. Career, Major Foreign Powers, New York, 1972.
6. J.C. Johari, New Comparative Government, New Delhi, Lotus Press, 2006
7. Leonard Binder, Crisis and Sequences in Political Development, Princeton University Press, 1971.
8. Roy C. Macridis, Comparative Politics, London, The Dorsey Press, 1972.
9. Ward and Macridis, Modern Political Systems (Asia), New Jersey, Prentice Hall, 1976.

## **HISTORY OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS 3(3-0)**

**Objectives:**

The course deals with the study of important events in International Relations and provides a survey on different empirical perspectives of International Relations. The main objective is to integrate theory and policy in the context of specific historical cases in international politics.

**Contents:**

1. Origin and development of International Relations;
  2. International Relations between the two world wars;
  3. Origin and causes of World Wars I and II;
  4. Developments in International Politics in the Post-World War -II era;
  5. Origin and causes of the Cold War;
  6. End of Cold War and its implications;
  7. Collapse of the Soviet Union and the New World Order;
  8. Characteristics of the International Politics after 9/11.
  9. Contemporary issues in International Relations:
- a). Terrorism;
  - b). Religion and Politics;
  - c). Globalization;
  - d). Nuclear Proliferation.

**Recommended Books:**

1. David W. Clonton, The Two Faces of National Interest, Baton Rouge, Louisiana State University Press 1994.
2. K. J. Holsti, International Politics: A Framework for Analysis, New Jersey, Prentice Hall, 2004.
3. Lea Brilmayer, American Hegemony: Political Morality in a One Super Power, New Heaven, Yale University Press, 2004.
4. Martin Griffiths, Realism, Idealism and International Politics, New York, Routledge, 1995.

5. Montserrat Guibernau, Nationalism: The Nation State and Nationalism in the Twentieth Century, Cambridge, Polity Press, 2003.
6. Paul Kennedy, The Rise and Fall of the Great Powers, New York, Random House, 2001.
7. Peter Beckman, World Politics in the Twentieth Century, New Jersey, Prentice Hall, 2004.
8. Steven L Spiegel, and Fred L. Wehling, World Politics in a New Era, New York, Harcourt Brace College Publishers, 1999.
9. William Keylor, and Jerry Bannister (Ed.) Twentieth Century World: An International History, London, Pall-Mall, 2005.

## **INTRODUCTION TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT 3(3-0)**

### **Objectives:**

The main objective of this course is to generate awareness among the students about the significance of Local Government and basic dynamics of the system. It will provide to the students the parameters and analytical framework for study of any individual system or comparison among various systems of local governments.

### **Contents of the Course:**

1. Meaning, Nature and Scope of Local Government;
2. Difference between Local Government and Local self-government;
3. Approaches to the study of Local Government;
4. Central-Local Government Relations and its implications on the performance of Local Institutions;
5. Kinds of transfer of powers at the local level: Decentralization, Deconcentration and Devolution;
6. Local Government Finance;
7. Problems of Local Government in the Developing Countries.

### **Recommended Books:**

1. A.H. Marshall, Local Government Finance, The Hague, International Union of Local Authorities, 1969.
2. Daniel Norman Chester, Central and Local Government: Financial and Administrative Relations, London, Macmillan, 1951.
3. Harold F. Alderfer, Local Government in Developing Countries, New York, McGraw-Hill, 1964.
4. Henry Maddick, Democracy, Decentralization and Development, London, Asia Publishing House, 1963.
5. Hugh Russell Tinker, The Foundations of Local Self Government in India, Pakistan and Burma, London, The Athlone Press, 1954.
6. J.A.G. Griffith, Central Departments and Local Authorities, London, Allen & Unwin, 1966.
7. J.A.G. Griffith, Local Authorities and Central Control, London, Chichester, 1974.
8. M.A. Muttalib and Muhammad Akbar Ali Khan, Theory of Local Government, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers, 1983.
9. Masudul Hasan, History of Local Government in Pakistan, Islamabad, Ministry of Local Government and Rural Development, 1984.

10. Ursula K. Hicks, Development from Below: Local Government and Finance in Developing Countries of the Commonwealth, London, Oxford, Clarendon, 1961.

## **Semester –VII**

### **RESEARCH METHODOLOGY 3(3-0)**

#### **Objectives:**

This course aims at the dissemination of knowledge about the scientific methods of study and conduction of research. The course is specifically designed to serve the needs of postgraduate students in general, and the students with scholastic bent of mind, in particular who intend to go for higher education. A familiarity with latest / modern methods of study and the basic skills of research will facilitate the future assignments of would-be scholars. Tutors of this course should ask the students to prepare their semester assignments with the application of basic research techniques.

#### **Course Contents:**

##### 1. Approaches to the Study of Political Science:

- a) Normative;
- b) Positivistic;
- c) Disciplinary;
- d) Intra-Disciplinary;
- e) Behavioral

##### 2. Methods:

- a) Comparative;
- b) Analytical;
- c) Deductive / Inductive;
- d) Quantitative / Qualitative;
- e) Scientific.

##### 3. Scientific Research:

- a) Concepts;
- b) Theories;
- c) Facts;
- d) Laws;
- e) Generalization;
- f) Prediction.

##### 4. Research:

- a) Meaning, Kinds and Importance;

##### 5. Steps involved in Research Process:

- a) Selection of the problems;
- b) Hypothesis;
- c) Research Design (Components);
  - d) Techniques for the collection of data – Observation, Interviews, Questionnaires, Scrutiny of Documents;
- e). Sampling, Sampling Design;
- f). Application of Computer.

#### **Recommended Books:**

- 1. Beverly R. Dixon, A Handbook of Social Science Research, London, Oxford University Press, 1987.

2. Buttolpa Johnson Janet and Richard A. Joslyn, Political Research Methods, Englewood Cliffs, Prentice Hall, 1986.
3. C.R. Kothari, Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, New Delhi, Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1985.
4. Chava Nachmias and David Nachmias, Research Methods in Social Sciences, New York, St. Martins Press, 1981.
5. John W. Creswell, Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed Methods Approaches, New Delhi, Sage Publications, 2003.
6. Julian L. Simon and Paul Burstein, Basic Research Methods in Social Sciences, New York, Random House, 1985.
7. Margaret Stacey, Methods of Social Research, New York, Pergamon Press, 1969;
8. Philips W. Shively, The Draft of Political Research, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, Prentice-Hall, 1980.
9. Singleton (Jr.) Roycea and Bruce C. Straits, Approaches to Social Research (4<sup>th</sup> ed.), London, Oxford University Press, 2006.
10. W.G Goode and P.K. Hatt, (Eds.) Methods in Social Research, New York, McGraw-Hill, 1952.

### **FOREIGN POLICY ANALYSIS 3(3-0)**

#### **Objectives:**

The course is designed to enlighten the students about the concepts and schools of thought in foreign policy analysis, concentrating particularly on the process of decision-making in the International System. The students will study the foreign policies of selected countries in order to understand the policy debate in the light of great power actions and weak state problems.

#### **Course Contents:**

1. Conceptual Framework of Foreign Policy: Definition and its Tools;
2. Various Approaches to the Study of Foreign Policy;
3. Kinds of Foreign Policy:
  - a). Ethical
  - b). Offensive
  - c). Traditional
  - d). Radical
  - e). Pragmatic.
4. Structure and nature of International Politics;
5. Economics as an Instrument in International Politics;
6. State Strengths and Weaknesses: Limitations of State Actions;
7. Process of formulation of Foreign Policy in developed and developing countries;
8. Foreign Policy: Determinants and Objectives;
9. Radical Changes in Foreign Policy after 9/11;

#### **Recommended Books:**

1. Charles F. Hermann, et. al New Directions in the Study of Foreign Policy, Boston, Allen & Unwin, 1987.
2. David Louis Cingranelli, Ethics, American Foreign Policy and the Third World, New York, St. Martins, 1993.



3. Hans J. Morgenthau, *Politics Among Nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace*, New York, Alfred A. Knopf, 1980.
4. James N. Rosenau, *Pre-Theories and Theories of Foreign Policy: One-time Fad, Realized Fantasy and Normal Field* in Charles W. Kegley (Eds.) *International Events and the Comparative Analysis of Foreign Policy*, New York, University Press, 1998.
5. John G. Ikenberry, (Ed.), *American Foreign Policy: Theoretical Essays*, Boston, Scott Foresman, 2001.
6. John R. Faus, *China in the World Politics*, Boulder, Lynne Rienner, 2005.
7. K.J. Holsti, *International Politics: A Framework for Analysis*, New Jersey, Prentice-Hall, 2004.
8. P.M. Kamath, and Krishan D. Mathur, *Conduct of India's Foreign Policy*, New Delhi, Longfellow, 2001.
9. S.M. Burke, *Pakistan's Foreign Policy: An Historical Analysis* London, Palgrave, 2003.
10. Stephen P. Cohen, *India: Emerging Power*, New York, Oxford University Press, 2002.

### **PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW – I 3(3-0)**

#### **Objectives:**

Objective of this course is to generate awareness among the students regarding the nature, evolution, development and application of International Law among the members of the international community such as states, international institution and individuals. This course also addresses the issue of practicability of International Law.

#### **Course Contents:**

1. Definition, Nature and Scope of International Law, Binding Nature of International Law, Two Schools of Thoughts about the Reality of International Law.
2. Origin and Development of International Law, Theories of International Law, Relationship between International and Municipal Laws.
3. Sources of International Law.
4. Subjects of International Law: States, Individuals and Non-State Entities.
5. State as International Actor: Pre-requisites of statehood, kinds of states.
6. Recognition of state and government, De Jure and De facto Recognition, Legal effects of recognition, Recognition of insurgency and belligerency and its impacts.
7. State succession and its effects.
8. State Sovereignty: Acquisition of Territorial Sovereignty.
9. State Jurisdiction: Territorial Jurisdiction, Jurisdiction over maritime belt, contiguous zones, continental shelf, Jurisdiction over high seas, right of hot pursuit on high seas, Jurisdiction over airspace and outer space.

#### **Recommended Books:**

1. Antonio Cassese, *International Law*, London, Oxford University Press, 2001.
2. Craig J. Barker, *International Law and International Relations*, London, Continuum, 2000.
3. Edward Collins, *International Law in a Changing World: Cases, Documents and Readings*, New York, Random House, 1970.
4. Herbert W. Briggs, *The Law of Nations: Cases, Documents and Notes*, London, Steven, 1953.
5. Ian Brownlie, *Basic Principles of International Law*, London, Oxford University Press, 1986.

6. J.G. Starke, Introduction to International Law (10<sup>th</sup> ed.), London, Butterworth's, 1989.
7. J.L. Brierly, The Law of Nations: An Introduction to the International Law of Peace, London, Clarendon Press, 1949.
8. L. Oppenheim, International Law: A Treatise (Vol. I & II), London, Longman, 1955.
9. Malcolm N. Shaw, International Law, London, Cambridge University Press, 2003.
10. Michael Akehurst, An Introduction to International Law, London, Allen & Unwin, 1977.
11. Muhammad Asif Malik, International Law (Including Muslim International Law), Lahore, Publishers Emporium, 2003.
12. Ray S. August, Public International Law: Text, Cases and Readings, New York, Prentice Hall, 1995.
13. Rudolf Bernhardt, (Ed.), Encyclopedia of Public International Law, New York, North-Holland, 1992-2000.
14. Shirley V. Scott, International Law in World Politics: An Introduction, New Delhi, Viva Books, 2005.

## **Semester-VIII**

### **PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW – II 3(3-0)**

#### **Objectives:**

This course is the continuation of the International Law-I. Its purpose is to give an understanding to the students regarding the legal framework for mutual interaction of the states, both in times of peace and war. It also covers the legal issues of individuals such as nationality, asylum, extradition etc.

#### **Course Contents:**

1. Individuals in International Law: Nationality, Conflict of Nationality Laws, Acquisition and loss of nationality.
2. International Humanitarian Law.
3. Extradition: Conditions and states' practices, offences exempted from extradition.
4. Asylum, territorial and extra-territorial asylum, humanitarian aspect of asylum in international law.
5. Agents of International Transaction: Diplomatic Envoys, Counsels, Rights, Privileges and Immunities of Diplomatic Envoys and Counsels.
6. Law of Treaties: Kinds and Nomenclatures of Treaties, Formation of Treaties, Invalidation and Termination of Treaties.
7. International Disputes: Peaceful and Coercive Means of Settlement of International Disputes.
8. Laws of War and Armed Conflicts; Difference between Combatants and Non-Combatants, Lawful and Unlawful Combatants; Rights of Prisoners of War; War and Human Rights.
9. Islamic Concept of Law of War, and rights and duties of belligerent parties.
10. Concept of Neutrality and Quasi-Neutrality; Difference between Neutral and Neutralized States; Rights and Duties of Neutral and belligerent States.
11. International Law and the present day challenges.

#### **Recommended Books:**

1. August, Ray S., *Public International Law: Text, Cases, and Readings*, Prentice Hall PTR, 1995.

2. Brownlie, Ian, *Principles of Public International Law*, London: Oxford University Press, 1999.
3. Buerghenthal, Thomas and Harold G. Maier, *Public International Law in a Nutshell*, West Publishing Company, 1990.
4. Byers, Michael, *Understanding International Law and Armed Conflicts*, New York: Grove Press, 2007.
5. Cassel, A., *International Law in a Divided World*, London: Oxford University Press, 1986.
6. Dixon, Martin, *Textbook on International Law*. Blackstone Press Limited, 2002.
7. Fenwick, Charles H., *International Law*, New York: Appleton Century, 1986.
8. Glahn, Gerhard Von, *Law Among Nations: An Introduction to Public International Law*, London: Allyn & Bacon, Inc., 1995.
9. Green, Leslie C., *The Contemporary Law of Armed Conflicts*, Manchester: Manchester University Press, 2000.
10. Strake, A.J.E., *International Law*, London: Bulleworths, 1978.

### **INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS 3(3-0)**

#### **Objectives:**

This course intends to give an insight to the students into the multiple roles of the international organizations in the world politics. It would enable the students to have an understanding about the impact and working of these bodies on the international as well as regional issues.

#### **Course Contents:**

1. Conceptual framework of International Organizations
2. Origin and Development of International Organizations
3. League of Nations: formation, functioning and causes of failure
4. United Nations: formation, functioning aims and objectives
5. UN and its specialized agencies
6. The role of UN in collective security, preventive diplomacy, peacekeeping operations
7. Future of UN

#### **Recommended Books:**

1. A Leroy Bennett, *International Organizations*, New York, 2001.
2. Avi Shlaim, *International Organizations in World Politics*, New York yearbook, 1975.
3. Buzan, Barry., *Regions and Powers: The Structure of International Society*, 2003.
4. David A. Key (ed)., *The United Nations Political System*, latest edition.
5. David Armstrong., *The Rise of the International Organization: A Short History*, 2003.
6. Good speed, S. S., *The Nature and Function of International Organizations*, latest edition.
7. Mahajan, V. D., *International Relations Since 1919.*, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi, 1993.
8. Paul Taylor and A. J. R. Groom (eds)., *International Organization – A Conceptual Approach*, latest edition.

### **POL-631 RESEARCH PROJECT/RESEARCH REPORT: 3(0-3)**

