42
Political Science
B.A.: Elective and Optional

Outlines of Tests

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper</th>
<th>Title of Course</th>
<th>Marks</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Principles of Political Science</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Government and Politics in U.K. U.S.A., Switzerland and Pakistan</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Total:</strong></td>
<td><strong>200</strong></td>
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Syllabi and Courses of Reading

**PAPER A: PRINCIPLES OF POLITICAL SCIENCE**

1. Political Science: Definition, Scope and Utility of Political Science and approaches to the Study of Political Science.
2. The State: Definition and Elements; State and Government; State and Society; State and Associations.
3. Sovereignty: Definition; Characteristics; Kinds. Monism versus Pluralism; Islamic Concept of Sovereignty.
5. Law: Definition; Meaning; Kinds; Sources. Law and Morality. Islamic Concept of Law. Sources of Law in Islam. Importance of Ijtehad.

10. Theories Regarding the Nature of the State:
   Idealist View, Utilitarian View, Socialism, Communism, Fascism, Welfare Concept of State.
   Comparison of Western and Islamic Concepts.

Books Recommended:
- Rodee, Anderson: Introduction to Political Science
- Muhammad Asad: Principles of State and Government in Islam
- Muhammad Sarwar: Muarif-e-Siyasiat (Urdu)
- Farooq Akhtar Najib: Siyasat-o-Riasat (Urdu)

PAPER B: GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS IN U.K., U.S.A., SWITZERLAND AND PAKISTAN

(Note: The paper will be divided into the following two parts consisting of 60 and 40 marks respectively)

Section-I

1. United Kingdom:
   a) Nature and Evolution to the British Constitution; its Sources and Salient Features.
   b) Structure of the Government:
      i. Kingship; its Role and Reasons for its Survival.
      iv. Judiciary: Organization and Jurisdiction; Rule of Law.
   c) Civil Service; Local Self government; Political Parties.

2. United States
   iv. Congress: Composition, Powers, Procedure of Law making, Role of Committees in the Congress.
   vi. Separation of Powers.
   vii. Political Parties.

3. Switzerland:
   3. The Federal Executive.
   5. The Cantons in the Swiss Political System.
   6. Direct Democracy.

Section-II

Islamic Republic of Pakistan:
   i. Ideological Basis of Pakistan.


**Books Recommended:**

- I.H. Qureshi: Struggle for Pakistan.
- Mercridis and Ward: Modern Political Systems.
- S.M. Ikram: Muslim India and the Birth of Pakistan.
- Ogg and Zink: Modern Foreign Governments.
- Syed Hasan Riaz: Pakistan Na Guzeer Tha (Urdu)
- Muhammad Sarwar: Jadeed Hukomatain (Urdu)
- A.C. Kapur, Select Modern Constitutions.
- A. Appadoral, The Substance of Politics (Selection on Switzerland), Oxford.

### POLITICAL SCIENCE: OPTIONAL

**Outlines of Tests**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paper</th>
<th>Title of Course</th>
<th>Marks</th>
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<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Section ‘A’ Political Theory</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Section ‘B’ Constitution of Pakistan</td>
<td>40</td>
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<td>Total</td>
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**Syllabi and Courses of Reading**

**Section ‘A’: Political Theory:**

1. **The nature and scope of Political Science:**
   Its relations to other social sciences; fields of specialists within Political Science: Political Theory, Political Dynamics, International Relations; Comparative Government and Public Administration: goals and uses of Political Science and the problems of the study of Political Science in the modern times.

2. **The State:**

3. **Theories of the State:**
   i. Theories concerning origin of the State (briefly): purpose and end of the state.
   ii. Concepts of Sovereignty, its meaning and attributes, etc., including the concepts of Sovereignty.
   iii. The functions of the State.

4. **The State and the Individual:**
   i. Right; Theory of Natural rights: Political and Civil rights: rights and responsibilities.
   ii. Liberty its meaning, liberty and equality, adjustment of liberty and sovereignty.
   iii. Law, definition and nature, the sources of law, law and morality, law and opinion, the administration of Justice, i.e., judiciary.

5. **Organization of the State:**
   i. Unitary
   iii. Others (Confederations, Unions, etc.)

6. **Forms of Government and their characteristics:**
   i. Monarchy, absolute and Constitutional Democracy and concept of Democracy in Islam.
ii. Representative Government—Parliamentary and Presidential system; Separation of Powers.
iii. Dictatorship—characteristics and various types.

7. **Election and the Party System:**
   i. Political Parties—Definition, Party functions. Types of party systems. Two party system and multi-party system.
   ii. Direct legislation: initiative, referendum, recall and plebiscite.

8. **Modern Political Thought:**
   i. Individualism, Socialism, Communism, Idealism, Fascism.

Section 'B': **Constitution of Pakistan:**
   i. Salient features of the constitution of Pakistan.
   ii. Presidency.
   iii. National Assembly; Provincial Government; Judicial system; Fundamental Rights; Basic Democracies.

**Books Recommended:**
9. Z.A. Sulari: *Politicians and Ayub*.