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Pakistan Studies

B.A/B.Sc.: Compulsory

Outlines of Tests

Paper	Title of Course	Marks
A		40

COURSE OUTLINE:

- a. Regeneration of Muslim Society in sub-continent and causes of decline of Muslim Rule.
- b. War of Independence 1857 and its impacts upon the politics of South Asia.
- c. Sir Syed Ahmed Khan and Aligarh Movement:
 - ii. Educational Services
 - iii. Political Services
 - iv. Rational Interpretation of Islam
- d. All India Muslim League:
 - v. Multiple approaches and causes of the formation of Muslim League.
 - vi. Objectives of the party.
 - vii. Comparison of the policies of All Indian National congress and All India Muslim League.
 - viii. Politics of Muslim League after the creation of Pakistan
- e. Lucknow Pact 1916, high water mark of Hindu-Muslim Unity.
- f. Khilafat Movement:
 - ix. Khilafat as an institution.
 - x. Hindu-Muslim Unity.
 - xi. Role of Gandhi
 - xii. Emergence of Muslim Ulma in Indian politics.
 - xiii. Causes of the failure and impacts of the movement.
- g. Iqbal's Address at Allahabad 1930 and political thoughts of Ch. Rehmat Ali.
- h. Congress Ministries.
- i. Pakistan Resolution 1940.
- j. Muhammad Ali Jinnah:
 - xiv. Jinnah's role in Indian politician.
 - xv. As a governor General
- k. Initial problems and constitutional development in Pakistan.
- l. The study of constitutions of Pakistan (1956-1962-1973)
- m. Political culture of Pakistan.
- n. Foreign Policy of Pakistan:
 - xvi. Major determinants and objectives
 - xvii. Overview.

Recommended Books:

1. Khalid Bin Saeed, Pakistan the Formative Phase.
2. I.H. Qureshi, Struggle for Pakistan, Karachi: Oxford, 1995.
3. Safdar Mahmood, Pakistan Political Roots and Development, 1947-1999, Karachi, Oxford, 2000.
4. M. Rafique Afzal, Political Parties in Pakistan 1947-1958, Islamabad, NIHCR, 2002.
5. G.W. Choudhry, Constitutional Development in Pakistan, London, second Edition, 1969.
6. Ch. Muhammad Ali, the emergence of Pakistan, Lahore, 1973.
7. Ahmed Saeed, Track to Pakistan, Lahore, 2002.